

PRESCRIBER	'S NAME:	
ADDRESS: .		
TEL:	FA	X:

PATIENT'S NAME:
ADDRESS:

	DOSING AND TITRATION			
BASAL  Long-acting analogues (Clear)		☐ Levemir® ☐ Cartridge ☐ FlexTouch®	□ Lantus <sup>®</sup> □ Cartridge □ Vial □ SoloSTAR <sup>®</sup>	Starting dose: units at bedtime Increase dose by every night
• Intermediate-acting (Cloudy)	☐ <b>Humulin® N</b> ☐ Cartridge ☐ Vial ☐ KwikPen™	□ Novolin <sup>®</sup> ge NPH □ Cartridge □ Vial		until fasting blood glucose has reached the target of mmol/L
POLUS  Rapid-acting analogues (Clear)  **GIVE IMMEDIATELY BEFORE MEAL **	<ul><li>☐ Humalog<sup>®</sup></li><li>☐ Cartridge ☐ Vial</li><li>☐ KwikPen<sup>™</sup></li></ul>	□ NovoRapid® □ Cartridge □ Vial □ FlexTouch® Limited Use □ 388 (type 1 DM) □ 389 (type 2 DM)	□ Apidra® □ Cartridge □ Vial □ SoloSTAR®	Starting doses:  units ac breakfast units ac lunch units ac supper
Short-acting (Clear)  **GIVE 30 MINUTES BEFORE  MEAL **	☐ Humulin® R ☐ Cartridge ☐ Vial	☐ Novolin <sup>®</sup> ge Toronto ☐ Cartridge ☐ Vial		
PREMIXED  • Premixed analogues  **GIVE IMMEDIATELY BEFORE MEAL **	☐ Humalog® Mix25® ☐ Cartridge ☐ KwikPen™ ☐ Humalog® Mix50® ☐ Cartridge ☐ KwikPen™	□ NovoMix <sup>®</sup> 30 □ Cartridge		Starting doses: units ac breakfast units ac lunch - Increase breakfast dose by units every
Premixed regular **GIVE 30 MINUTES BEFORE MEAL **	☐ Humulin <sup>®</sup> 30/70 ☐ Cartridge ☐ Vial	□ Novolin® ge 30/70 □ Cartridge □ Vial □ Novolin® ge 40/60 □ Cartridge □ Novolin® ge 50/50 □ Cartridge		days until presupper blood glucose has reached the target of units every units every days until fasting blood glucose has reached the target of mmol/L Beware of hypoglycemia post-breakfast or post-supper. Stop increasing dose if this occurs
PEN DEVICE Required if cartridges selected. Pen should match insulin brand.	<ul> <li>☐ HumaPen® Savvio™</li> <li>☐ HumaPen LUXURA® HD</li> <li>☐ HumaPen® MEMOIR™</li> </ul>	□ NovoPen®4 □ NovoPen Echo®	□ ClikSTAR®	
OTHER SUPPLIES	☐ Pen needles (if using pen) ☐ Insulin syringes (if using vial)	☐ Glucose test strips ☐ Lancets ☐ Lancets ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐		
QUANTITY + REPEATS	INSULIN Mitte:boxes	Repeats x	SUPPLIES Mitte: b	poxes Repeats x

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_License #:\_\_\_\_\_ Print Name:



# INSULIN PRESCRIPTION AND TITRATION SUGGESTIONS

## (for type 2 diabetes)

## People starting insulin should be counseled about the prevention, recognition and treatment of hypoglycemia.

The following are suggestions for insulin initiation and titration. Clinical judgment should always be used as the suggestions may not apply to every patient.

### Basal Insulin added to Antihyperglycemic Agents (Lantus®, Levemir®, Humulin® N, Novolin®ge NPH)

- Target fasting blood glucose (BG) of 4-7 mmol/L
- Most patients will need 40-50 units at bedtime to achieve target but there is no maximum dose
- Start at a low dose of 10 units at bedtime (may start at lower dose (0.1-0.2 units/kg) for lean patients (< 50 kg))
- Patient should gently self-titrate by increasing the dose by 1 unit every night until fasting BG target of 4-7 mmol/L is achieved
- When fasting BG target is achieved, the patient should remain on that dose until reassessed by their diabetes team
- If fasting hypoglycemia occurs, the dose of bedtime basal should be reduced
- Metformin and the secretagogue are usually maintained when basal insulin is added
- If daytime hypoglycemia occurs, reduce the antihyperglycemic agents (especially secretagogues)
- Lantus® or Levemir® can be given at bedtime or in the morning

#### Basal + Bolus Insulins

- When basal insulin is not enough to achieve glycemic control, bolus insulin should be added before meals. There is the option of only adding bolus insulin to the meal with the highest postprandial BG as a starting point for the patient who is not ready for more injections.
- For current basal insulin users, maintain the basal dose and add bolus insulin with each meal at a dose equivalent to 10% of the basal dose. For example, if the patient is on 50 units of basal insulin, add 5 units of bolus insulin with each meal
- For new insulin users starting with Basal + Bolus regimen, calculate total daily insulin dose (TDI) as 0.3 to 0.5 units / kg, then distribute as follows:
  - 40% of TDI dose as basal insulin (Lantus®, Levemir®, Humulin® N, Novolin®ge NPH) at bedtime
  - 20% of TDI dose as bolus insulin prior to each meal
- Rapid-acting insulin analogues (Apidra®, Humalog®, NovoRapid®) should be given immediately before eating
- Short-acting insulin (Humulin® R, Novolin®ge Toronto) should be given 30 minutes before eating
- Adjust the dose of the basal insulin to achieve the target fasting BG level (usually 4-7 mmol/L)
- Adjust the dose of the bolus insulin to achieve postprandial BG levels (usually 5-10 mmol/L)
- Consider stopping the secretagogue when bolus insulin is added

#### Premixed Insulin before breakfast and before dinner (Humalog® Mix25®, Humalog Mix50®, NovoMix® 30, Humulin® 30/70, Novolin®ge 30/70, Novolin®ge 40/60, Novolin®ge 50/50)

- Target fasting and presupper BG levels of 4-7 mmol/L
- Most patients with type 2 diabetes will need 40-50 units twice a day to achieve target but there is no maximum dose
- Start at a low dose of 5 to 10 units twice daily (before breakfast and before supper)
- Patient can gently self-titrate by increasing the breakfast dose by 1 unit every day until the presupper BG is at target
- Patient can gently self-titrate by increasing the supper dose by 1 unit every day until the fasting BG is at target
- Beware of hypoglycemia post-breakfast or post-supper. Stop increasing dose if this occurs
- When target BG levels are achieved, the patient should remain on that dose until reassessed by their diabetes team
- Premixed analogue insulins (Humalog® Mix25,® Humalog Mix50®, NovoMix® 30) should be given immediately before eating)
- Premixed regular insulins (Humulin® 30/70, Novolin®ge 30/70 or 40/60 or 50/50) should be given 30 minutes before eating)
- Continue the meformin and consider stopping the secretagogue

## **Basal Insulin Example**

Starting dose **10** units at bedtime

Increase dose by **1** unit every 1 night until fasting blood glucose has reached the target of 4-7 mmol/L

## Basal + Bolus example (80kg person)

**Total daily insulin** = 0.5 units/kg

 $= 0.5 \times 80$ 

TDI = 40 units

Basal insulin = 40% of TDI

 $= 40\% \times 40 \text{ units}$ 

Basal bedtime = 16 units

**Bolus insulin** = 60% of TDI

 $= 60\% \times 40 \text{ units}$ 

Bolus = 24 units

= 8 units with each meal

## Premixed insulin example

10 units ac breakfast

10 units ac supper

Increase breakfast dose by 1 unit every 1 day until presupper blood glucose has reached the target of

**4-7** mmol/l

Increase supper dose by 1 unit every 1 day until fasting blood glucose has reached the target of 4-7 mmol/L